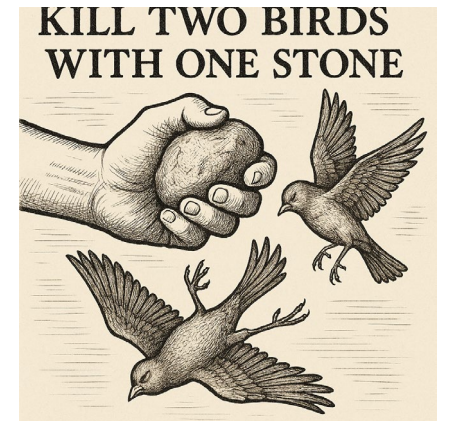


PRODUCT DATA EFFICIENTLY SHARED

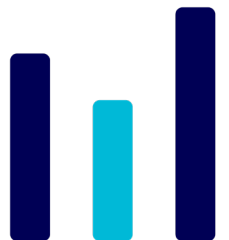
FROM CUSTOM STRUCTURES TO STANDARDS WITH ECLASS



- How can ECLASS, as the classification and description standard, help companies
 - Increase efficiency
 - better meet customer requirements
 - “kill many birds with one stone” aka achieve multiple goals at once
- Good example for a multilanguage semantic
 - in German: “kill many flies with a swatter”



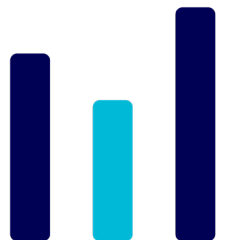
created by Microsoft Copilot



AGENDA

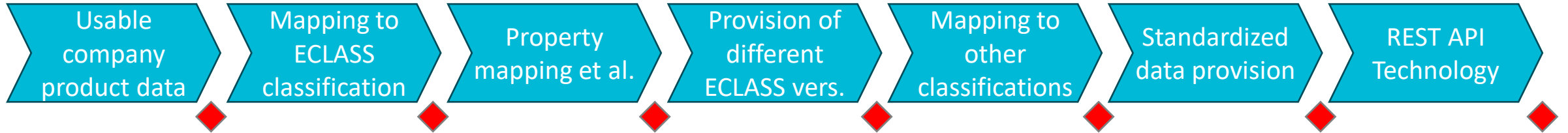


- 1 Splitting the process
 - 1A One step back
 - 1B Company own data
 - 1C Mapping (classification, properties, BASIC and ADVANCED)
 - 1D New versions of ECLASS, provision of different versions
 - 1E Mapping to other classifications
 - 1F Standardized data provision in different formats
 - 1G Data retrieval by REST API
- 2 Virtual ECLASS Products - a new approach
- 3 Summary
- 4 Class.Ing

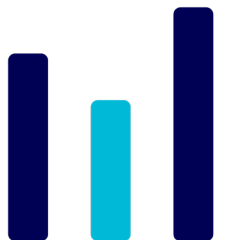


1 – SPLITTING THE PROCESS

STEP-BY-STEP TOWARDS THE GOAL



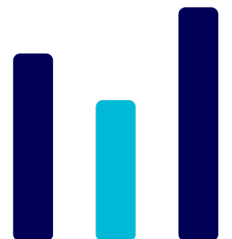
- A multi-stage process leads to success
 - Successful ongoing steps
 - Each step represents a success
- Structure your project into multiple steps!



1A – ONE STEP BACK

NO STANDARDS, MORE WORK

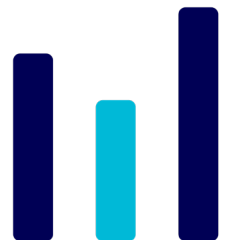
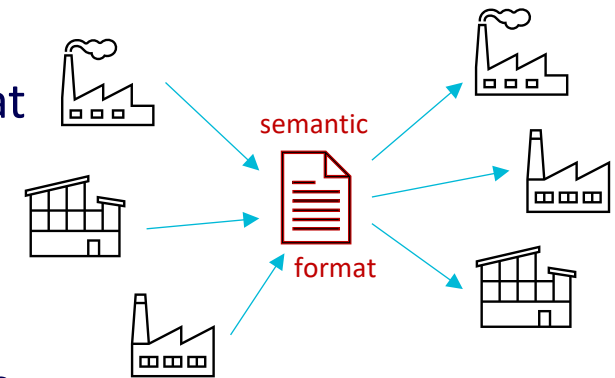
- Without standards, processes become diverse and inefficient, leaving you to handle most of the work yourself.
- Define your own semantic elements
 - Structure and level of granularity of the classification
 - Definition of properties for the different classes (including various property types)
 - Prepare precise definitions for all elements
 - Translation of the classification system into multiple languages
- Avoiding different approaches for different product areas
- Usage of a uniform and homogeneous classification system for different requirements in the company



1A – ONE STEP BACK

MAIN QUESTION: DOES A CUSTOMER REALLY NEED COMPANY-INDIVIDUAL DATA?

- Or: Do you want to deliver your own data structures and data to your customers?
- Short answer: It depends on the medium
 - It works well for datasheets, paper catalogs, online catalogs
 - In all media where cooperate branding of your company is most important
- In the context of digital data delivery, the data itself matters
 - Especially when combined with a standardized data transmission format
- (ECLASS) standardized data is good data
 - For data providers / suppliers >> standardized data for many customers
 - For data recipients / buyers >> standardized data from many suppliers



1B – COMPANY OWN DATA

REQUIREMENTS FOR OWN PRODUCT DATA (FOCUS: TECHNICAL DATA)

- Proprietary data must be easy to process
- Structure
 - Good hierarchy and granularity
 - Separation of normally combined products
 - e.g. accessories
- Properties
 - Different data types
 - Separation of value and unit
 - Only one piece of information in one field
- etc.

[-] Robotics [ROOT]
[-] Articulated Robots [CAA001]
[-] articulated robot [PAA001]
 number of axes [FAA001]
 payload typical [FAA002]
 payload maximum [FAA003]
 range max [FAA004]
 protection class [FAA005]
[-] axes [PAA002]
 axis 1 angular range [FAA006]
 axis 2 angular range [FAA007]
 axis 3 angular range [FAA008]
 axis 1 speed [FAA009]
 axis 2 speed [FAA010]
 axis 3 speed [FAA011]

Name:

Comment:

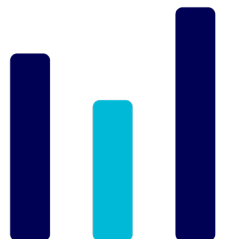
ID:

Data type:

Unit description:

Occurrence: ☒ Can ☐ required ☐ Should

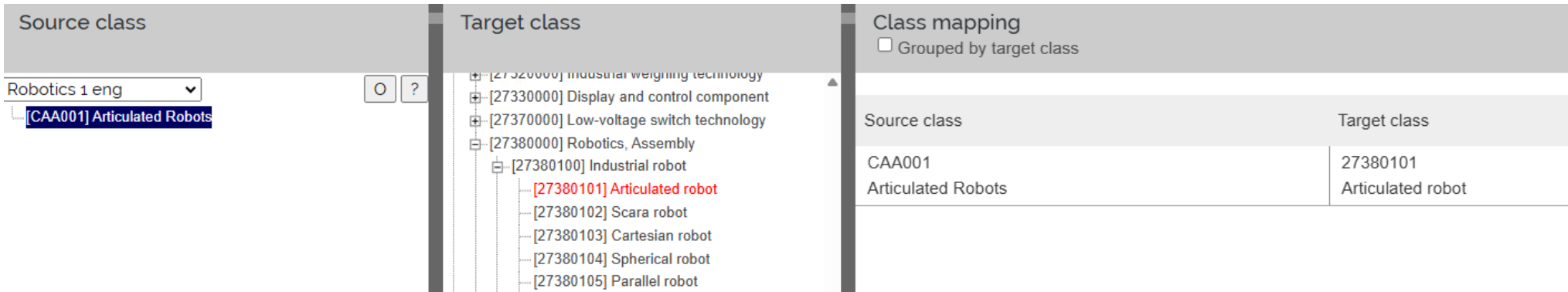
◆ **Milestone:** Good data for the next step



1C – MAPPING

CLASSIFICATION MAPPING

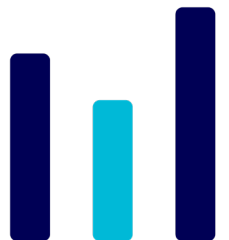
- Map your own product structure to ECLASS
 - Group-based mapping, no individual assignment
 - Consideration of various types: DIRECT, JOIN, SPLIT
 - SPLIT usually requires an extension for automated processes, e.g. a control attribute



The screenshot displays the ECLASS mapping interface. On the left, the 'Source class' dropdown is set to 'Robotics 1 eng', with a sub-selection of '[CAA001] Articulated Robots'. The 'Target class' pane shows a hierarchical tree of ECLASS classes, with '[27380101] Articulated robot' highlighted in red. On the right, the 'Class mapping' section includes a checkbox for 'Grouped by target class' and a table showing the mapping between the source and target classes.

Source class	Target class
CAA001	27380101
Articulated Robots	Articulated robot

◆ **Milestone:** ECLASS classification is available in a master version



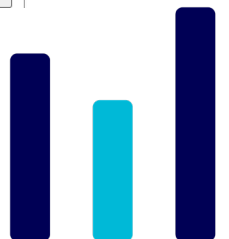
1C – MAPPING

PROPERTY MAPPING

- Mapping of your own properties to ECLASS properties
 - Mapping of properties with the same or compatible data types
 - Mapping and converting units
 - Also mapping of value lists
 - And special cases: combined min/max >> single min and max
- Try to get a match for as many as possible properties
 - Otherwise, 2 rework processes will follow in the next slides

Robotics 1 Articulated Robots	ECLASS 15.0 Articulated robot	Feature mapping					Status undone
		Source feature		Target feature	Status	Units	Action
axis 1 angular range * ° [Number]	ambient temperature during operation [Freetext]	payload maximum	Order: <input type="text" value="0"/>	maximum payload	fertig	kg.kg	<button>Delete</button>
axis 1 speed * °/s [Number]	Brand [Freetext]	Number		Number		1:1	
axis 2 angular range * ° [Number]	Customs tariff number [Freetext]	range max	Order: <input type="text" value="0"/>	maximum reach	fertig	m:mm	<button>Delete</button>
axis 2 speed * °/s [Number]	degree of protection [Freetext]	Number		Number		1:1000	
axis 3 angular range * ° [Number]	ESD requirements certificates [Freetext]	axis 1 angular range	Order: <input type="text" value="0"/>	motion range axis 1	fertig	°.	<button>Delete</button>
axis 3 speed * °/s [Number]	footprint mm [Number]	Number		Number		1:1	

◆ **Milestone:** ECLASS properties are available



1C – MAPPING

ADVANTAGES OF THE ECLASS STANDARD

- After mapping to classes and properties, the following advantages emerge
- Product data is available in more than 30 languages
- All elements are referenced through standard IDs (IRDIs)
 - And can be used for mapping to AAS, for example
- A solid data foundation is available for various export formats



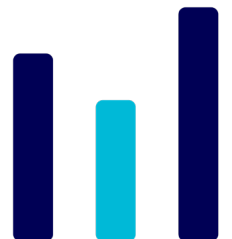
1C – MAPPING

ECLASS BASIC AND ADVANCED



- ECLASS is available in 2 versions
- BASIC
 - List of flat class-dependent properties for a class
- ADVANCED
 - Structured data with blocks, cardinalities, polymorphism for a class
 - Mapping is also possible, if the base data structures allow this
- BASIC is part of ADVANCED
 - It is ok to start with BASIC and then update to ADVANCED
- ADVANCED data structures are not class-dependent

◆ **Milestone:** First Basic and then Advanced is possible

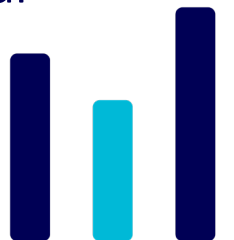


1D - VERSIONING

NEW VERSIONS OF ECLASS

- In recent years, a new ECLASS release has been published every year
 - Revisions and extensions to the standard
 - Typically about 100,000 & more changes per release
- Change management for companies that provide ECLASS to their customers
 - Because important customers will surely want the new version of ECLASS at some point
 - Update process can be automated
- At the same time, it also offers the opportunity to contribute to the ECLASS standard
 - Are your products already classifiable according to ECLASS?
 - Or are you still missing an important feature that is relevant to the description of your products?

◆ **Milestone:** Extension of ECLASS can be done



1D - VERSIONING

GENERATION OF OTHER ECLASS VERSIONS

- ECLASS provides mechanisms for updating dictionary and data
 - Main element: TUF (Transaction update files)
 - Ruleset for migrating ECLASS-classified data to newer or older versions
 - Software required to apply this

UPGRADE

DOWNGRADE

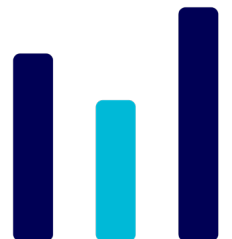
KONVERTIEREN

Bei einem Upgrade werden die Klassen und (so vorhanden) Merkmale einer Klassifikationsversion in eine aktuellere Klassifikationsversion des gleichen Standards konvertiert. Dabei werden bis auf Verzweigungen (SPLIT) alle Aktionen automatisch durchgeführt. Mögliche Aktionen sind JOIN (die Klasse wurde mit einer anderen zusammengeführt), MOVE (die Klasse hat eine andere Klassennummer bekommen), SPLIT (die Klasse wurde in mehrere neue Klassen aufgeteilt), STAY (keine Änderungen). Die sogenannten SPLITS müssen vom Nutzer manuell zugewiesen werden.

Klassen		
Anzahl Artikel	Konvertierungsmöglichkeiten	
7	Artikel von ECLASS 12.0 nach ECLASS 13.0 deu konvertieren	Starten

Merkmale		
Anzahl Artikel mit Merkmalen	Konvertierungsmöglichkeiten	
5	ECLASS 12.0 deu >> ECLASS 13.0 deu	Starten

◆ **Milestone:** ECLASS is available for products in different versions



1E - CLASSIFICATION MAPPING

MAPPING TO OTHER CLASSIFICATIONS

- ECLASS also provides a very good base for mapping to other classification standards
 - Because ECLASS is a standard, there are already several existing mappings that can be used
 - Combination of classification and version mapping is possible
- Typical target classifications
 - ETIM (in some areas)
 - UNSPSC
 - HS-Code
 - GS1 GPC classification
 - and also IEC (COMDO project)

UPGRADE

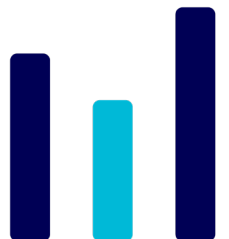
DOWNGRADE

KONVERTIEREN

Bei einer Konvertierung werden die Klassen und (so vorhanden) Merkmale eines Klassifikationsstandards in einen anderen Standard konvertiert. Dabei werden bis auf Verzweigungen (SPLIT) alle Aktionen automatisch durchgeführt. Mögliche Aktionen sind JOIN (diese und andere Klasse haben im neuen Standard die gleiche Entsprechung), MOVE (die Klasse kann eindeutig einer anderen Klasse im neuen Standard zugeordnet werden), SPLIT (die Klasse besitzt im neuen Standard mehrere Entsprechungen). Die sogenannten SPLITS müssen vom Nutzer manuell zugewiesen werden.

Klassen			Merkmale		
Anzahl Artikel	Konvertierungsmöglichkeiten		Anzahl Artikel mit Merkmalen	Konvertierungsmöglichkeiten	
7	Artikel von ECLASS 12.0 nach ETIM 8.0 deu konvertieren	Starten	5	ECLASS 12.0 deu >> ETIM 8.0 deu	Starten

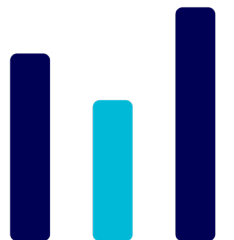
◆ **Milestone:** Generation of other classification standards by mapping from ECLASS



1F – DATA PROVISION

SUPPORT OF DIFFERENT FORMATS (1/2)

- Digital data exports based on
 - Master data, **product data**, media data, logistic data, etc.
 - The generated ECLASS data (or data that bases on this) can be used for standardized exports
- Typical export formats
 - BMEcat 2005 /2005.2 (ECLASS BASIC and ADVANCED)
 - ECLASS Technical Specification is available for both formats
 - Excel
 - “Standard” formats like GHX 5.3 with ECLASS classification and properties
 - Individual formats (customer asks to get data in a self defined Excel format)
 - GS1 XML / GS1 XML CIN
 - XML based format, also supports ECLASS
 - ECLASS Technical Specification is available

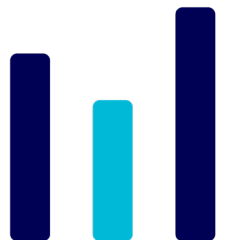


1F – DATA PROVISION

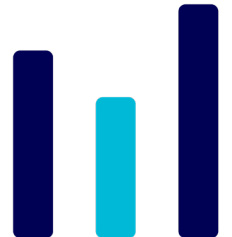
SUPPORT OF DIFFERENT FORMATS (2/2)

- **Asset Administration Shell AAS** (base for the DPP 4.0)
 - Support of different submodels (2 of them explained more in detail)
- **Submodel 1: Digital Nameplate**
 - Each element has an ECLASS IRDI (and also IEC IRDI)
 - Content mapping can be easily done
- **Submodel 2: Technical Data**
 - Transport of product classification (ECLASS and others)
 - Transport of properties (ECLASS ABASIC and ADVANCED)
 - Submodel architect: Frank Scherenschlich

◆ **Milestone:** ECLASS is part of the most relevant data transmission standards and can be integrated there



AAS EXAMPLE OF SUBMODEL TECHNICAL DATA

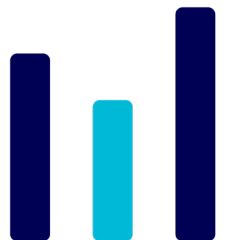


1F – DATA PROVISION

SPECIAL FORMATS FOR PORTALS

- Many portal databases use ECLASS (and other standards)
 - Some examples are listed here
- EPLAN
 - ECLASS BASIC and ADVANCED
- Cadenas
 - Often ECLASS BASIC properties in combination with a customer-specific structure
- FAB-DIS (France)
 - ETIM data (that can be mapped from ECLASS)

◆ **Milestone:** Also special formats for different portals base on ECLASS

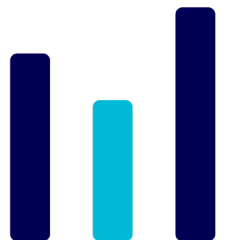


1F – DATA PROVISION

DATA RETRIEVAL BY REST API

- So far, we have described the ways in which product data is exported and delivered to the customer
 - It is also possible to query ECLASS product data via REST API (or GraphQL)
 - ECLASS offers a REST API for the dictionary
 - Other systems offer an interface for dictionary and product data
 - Used in internal and external processes
- Also usable for configurable products
 - Definition of the mapping rule set for template articles
 - Usage of data from the configuration process in the converting process

◆ **Milestone:** ECLASS based data can be retrieved also by REST API

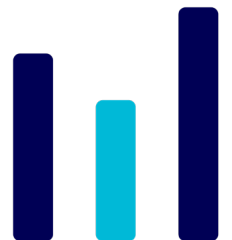


2 - VIRTUAL ECLASS PRODUCTS



CURRENT PROCESS IN THE APPLICATION OF ECLASS

- What must be done if you have a new product that must be described by ECLASS?
- Typically, the following steps are carried out:
 - Classification of the product
 - Filling the most important properties for the product
 - Manually or groupwise by mapping
 - Mapping data to other standards if possible
- Follow-up processes
 - Update with each new relevant version (new IRDIs)
- Is there a better way to handle this process more easily?

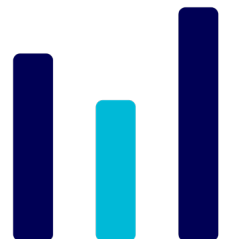


2 - VIRTUAL ECLASS PRODUCTS




NEW PROCESS FOR DESCRIBING A PRODUCT WITH ECLASS

- Database that will provide virtual products with classification and property descriptions
 - Manufacturer-neutral
 - Unique Identifier (more than a GTIN)
 - Automated updates (or downgrades) for different ECLASS versions
 - Different export formats
 - E.g. pre-generated AAS containing integrated data, which can be enriched with company-specific data through a REST API
 - Basis for the Digital Product Passport 4.0
- PoC in semi-finished products (more than 8,000,000 articles) with WGM
- Toolset available
- Launch coming soon



2 - VIRTUAL ECLASS PRODUCTS

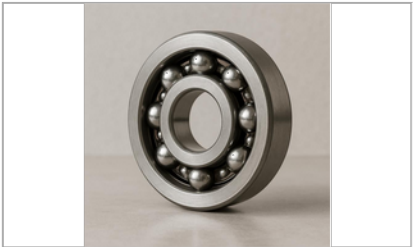
EXAMPLE

 metaparts.eu

Artikelnummer oder -Name eingeben

ECLASS 15.0 deu

- Maschinenelement, Verbindungsele...
- Wälzlager, Gleitlager, Gelenklager
 - Radial-Kugellager
 - Rillenkugellager**
- Medizinprodukt
- Möbel, Wohneinrichtung



Rillenkugellager 623

Katalogname: Normteile
Metaparts-ID: **MEPA000002001F**

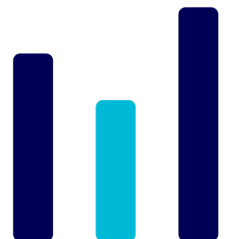
★ Diesen Artikel merken

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Merkmale

Klassifikation: ECLASS 15.0 deu Klasse: Rillenkugellager [23050801]

Merkmal	Gruppierung	Datentyp	Wert
Innendurchmesser		Zahl	3 mm
Abmessungen		Freitext	623
Außendurchmesser		Zahl	10 mm
Breite		Zahl	4 mm
dynamische Tragzahl		Zahl	540 N
Grenzdrehzahl		Zahl	80000 1/min
statische Tragzahl		Zahl	180 N
Referenzdrehzahl		Zahl	130000 1/min

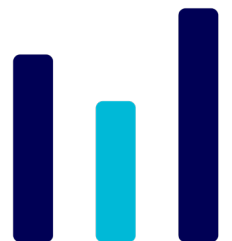


SUMMARY



ECLASS PROVIDES !!! (NOT ONLY PEPPERMINT TEA)

- We have just taken a guided tour through the world of industrial data provision
 - Based on the ECLASS standard
 - And what can be done if ECLASS is used as a base for other data processes
- Source data in the company must be usable for mapping
- Mapping is a good way to use own data, including versioning
 - Including mapping the data to other classification standards
- ECLASS data can be used in different data exchange formats and by REST API
- New approach to apply ECLASS



Data management, standardization

- Standards (model and classification)
- Modeling and maintenance concepts
- Data transformation and validation
- One standard for all areas



Classification, data exchange

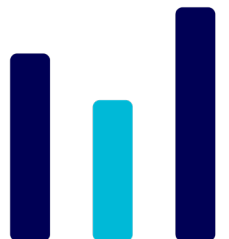


- ECLASS Platinum Partner
- UNSPSC member
- Master classification
- Mapping, Upgrade, Downgrade
- Standardized data exchange (BMEcat, GS1, AAS, DPP)



Software Class.Room

- Web-based software
- Focus on classification
- Middleware, SaaS
- Online catalog
- Export and import of electronic catalogs
- SAP classification system connector





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CEO, Owner

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THANK YOU !